

UNC

But we, brave Britons, foreign laws despis'd,
And kept unconquer'd, and unvanquish'd;
Pierce for the liberties of wit, and bold,
We still defy'd the Romans, as of old.

2. Coarse; indecent.
Several, who have been polished in France, make use of
the most coarse, *unpolish'd* words in our language. *Addison*.

UNCLARIFIED. *adj.* Not purged; not purified.
One ounce of whey unclarified; one ounce of oil of vi-
triol, make no apparent alteration. *Bacon's Phys. Remarks*.

To UNCLASP. *v. a.* To open what is shut with clasps.
Thou know'st no less, but all: I have unclasp'd
To thee the book, ev'n of my secret soul. *Shakespeare*.
Prayer can unclasp the girdles of the north, saying to a
mountain of ice, be thou removed hence, and cast into the
sea. *Taylor's Worthy Communicant*.

UNCLASSICK. *Not classick*.
Angel of dulcets, sent to scatter round
Her magic charms o'er all unclassick ground. *Pope*.

UNCLE. *n. f.* [*uncle*, Fr.] The father's or mother's brother.
Hamlet punishes his uncle rather for his own death, than the
murder of his father. *Shakespeare Illustrated*.

UNCLEAN. *n. f.*
1. Foul; dirty; filthy.
Charon,
A forlorn god: down from his hoary chin
A length of beard descends, uncomb'd, unclean. *Dryden*.
Priests are patterns for the rest;
The gold of heav'n, who bear the God impress'd:
But when the precious coin is kept unclean,
The sovereign's image is no longer seen.
If they be foul, on whom the people trust,
Well may the brazen brass contract a rust.
2. Not purified by ritual practices. *Dryden*.
3. Besides how vile, contemptible, ridiculous,
What act more execrably unclean, profane?
What agonies must he endure? What difficulties over-
come, before he can cleanse himself from the pollutions of
sin, and be a fit inhabitant of that holy place, where no
unclean thing shall enter? *Rogers's Sermons*.

4. Lewd; unchaste.
Let them all encircle him about,
And, fairy-like too, pinch the unclean knight,
And ask him, why that hour of fairy revel,
In their so sacred paths he dares to tread,
In shape profane. *Shakespeare Merry Wives of Windsor*.
Some tree, whose broad, smooth leaves together fow'd,
And girded on our loins, may cover round
Those middle parts; that this new comer, shame,
There fit not, and reproach us as unclean. *Milton*.

UNCLEANLINESS. *n. f.* Want of cleanliness.
This profane liberty and uncleanliness, the archbishop re-
solv'd to reform. *Clarendon*.

UNCLEANLY. *adj.*
1. Foul; filthy; nasty.
Civet is of a baser birth than tar;
The very uncleanly flux of a cat. *Shakespeare*.

2. Indecent; unchaste.
'Tis pity that these harmonious writers have ever indulg'd
any thing uncleanly or impure to defile their paper. *Watts*.

UNCLEANNESS. *n. f.*
1. Lewdness; incontinence.
In St. Giles's I understood that most of the vilest and most
miserable houses of uncleanness were. *Gravatt's Bills of Mortality*.

2. Want of cleanliness; nastiness.
Be not curious nor careless in your habit; be not trouble-
some to thyself, or to others, by unhandfomness, or un-
cleanness. *Taylor's Guide to Devotion*.

3. Sin; wickedness.
I will save you from all your uncleannesses. *Ez. xxxvii. 29*.

4. Want of ritual purity.
UNCLEANSED. *adj.* Not cleansed.
Pond earth is a good compost, if the pond have been long
uncleansed: so the water be not too hungry. *Bacon's Nat. Hist.*

To UNCLEW. *v. a.* [from *clew*.] To undo.
If I should pay you for't as 'tis extoll'd,
It would unclaw me quite. *Shakespeare Timon of Athens*.

To UNCLEW. *v. a.* To open the closed hand.
The hero to his enterprize recalls;
His fist unclenches, and the weapon falls. *Garth*.

UNCLIPPED. *adj.* Whole; not cut.
As soon as there began a distinction between clipped and
unclipped money, bullion arose. *Locke*.

To UNCLASP. *v. a.* To strip; to make naked.
The boughs and branches are never unclashed and left
naked. *Raigh's Hist. of the World*.

Poor orphans minds are left as unclash'd and naked alto-
gether, as their bodies. *Atterbury*.

Cover the couch over with thick woollen clothes, the
warmth whereof will make it come presently; which once
perceived, forthwith unclash it. *Mortimer's Husbandry*.

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To a distinct knowledge of things, we must unclash them
of all these mixtures, that we may contemplate them naked,
and in their own nature. *Watts's Logic*.

To UNCLASH. *v. a.*
1. To disencumber; to exonerate.
Could I meet 'em
But once a day, it would unclash my heart
Of what lies heavy to't. *Shakespeare*.

2. To set at liberty.
Then air, because unclash'd in empty space,
Flies after fire, and claims the second place. *Dryden*.

To UNCLASH. *v. n.* To set at large.
Why did I not, unclash'd from the womb,
Take my next lodging in a tomb? *Norris*.

To UNCLASH. *v. a.* To open.
Soon as thy letters trembling I unclash,
That well-known name awakens all my woes. *Pope*.

UNCLOSED. *adj.* Not separated by inclosures.
The king's army would, through those unclose'd parts, have
done them little harm. *Clarendon*.

UNCLOSED. *adj.* Free from clouds; clear from obscurity;
not darkened.
The father unfolding bright
Tow'rd the right hand his glory on the son
Blaz'd forth unclouded deity. *Milton's Par. Lost*.

True virtues, with unclouded light,
All great, all royal, shine divinely bright.
Blest with temper, whose unclouded rays,
Can make to-morrow cheerful as to-day. *Pope*.

UNCLOSEDNESS. *n. f.* Openness; freedom from gloom.
The love I would persuade, makes nothing more conduc-
tive to it, than the greatest uncloudedness of the eye, and the
perfectest illustration of the object; which is such, that the
clearest reason is the most advantageous light it can desire to
be seen by. *Boyle*.

UNCLOUDY. *adj.* Free from a cloud.
Now night in silent state begins to rise,
And twinkling orbs bestrow th' uncloudy skies;
Her borrow'd lustre growing Cynthia lends.
To UNCLUTCH. *v. a.* To open.
If the terrors of the Lord could not melt his bowels, unclutch
his gripping hand, or disengage him of his prey; yet sure it must
discourage him from grasping of heaven too. *Decay of Piety*.

To UNCLUTCH. *v. a.* To pull the cap off.
Yonder are two apple-women scolding, and just ready to
unclutch one another. *Arbutnot and Pope*.

To UNCOIL. *v. a.* [from *coil*.] To open from being coiled or
wrapped one part upon another.
The spiral air-vessels are like threads of cobweb, a little
uncoiled. *Derham's Physico-Theology*.

UNCOINED. *adj.* Not coined.
While thou liv'st, Kate, take a fellow of plain, uncoined
constancy. *Shakespeare's Hen. V.*

An ounce of coined standard silver, must be of equal va-
lue to an ounce of uncoined standard silver. *Locke*.

UNCOLLECTED. *adj.* Not collected; not recollected.
Adham'd, confus'd, I started from my bed,
And to my foul yet uncollected said;
Into thyself, fond Solomon! return;
Reflect again, and thou again shalt mourn. *Prior*.

UNCOLOURED. *adj.* Not stained with any colour, or die.
Out of things uncoloured and transparent, we can represent
unto you all several colours. *Bacon*.

Whether to deck with clouds the uncolour'd sky,
Or wet the thirsty earth with falling show'rs;
Rising, or falling, still advance his praise. *Milton*.

UNCOMBED. *adj.* Not parted or adjusted by the comb.
They might perceive his head
To be uncombed, and curled, uncombed hairs,
Upstarting stiff. *Fairy Queen, b. i. c. 9. st. 22*.

Their locks are beds of uncombed inakes, that wind
About their shady brows in wanton rings. *Crowder*.

Thy locks uncombed, like a rough wood appear. *Dryden*.

UNCOMFORTABLE. *adj.* Inaccessible; unattainable. A low,
corrupt word.

UNCOMFORTABLENESS. *n. f.* Want of grace; want of beauty.
The ruined churches are so unhandfomely patched, and
thatched, that men do even shun the places, for the uncom-
fortableness thereof. *Spenser's Ireland*.

He prais'd women's modesty, and gave orderly, well-
behaved reproof to all uncomeliness. *Shakespeare*.

Those arches which the Tulcan writers call *di terzo*, and
di quarto acute, because they always concur in an acute angle,
both for the natural imbecility of the angle itself, and like-
wise for their very uncomeliness, ought to be excised from judi-
cious eyes. *Watson's Architecture*.

Forgetting that duty of modest concealment which they
owed to the father of their country, in case they had disco-
vered any real uncomeliness. *K. Charles*.

The beauty or uncomeliness in good and ill breeding, will
make deeper impressions on them, in the examples of others,
than from any rules. *Locke*.

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UNCOMELY. *adj.* Not comely; wanting grace.
Though he thought inquisitiveness an uncomely guest, he
could not but ask who she was. *Sidney*.

Neither is the same accounted an uncomely manner of rid-
ing: for great warriors say, they never saw a more comely
man than the Irishman, nor that cometh on more bravely in
his charge. *Spenser's Ireland*.

Many, who troubled them most in their counsels, durst
not go thither, for fear of uncomely affronts. *Clarendon*.

Uncomely courage, unbecoming skill. *Thomson's Autumn*.

UNCOMFORTABLE. *adj.*
1. Affording no comfort; gloomy; dismal; miserable.
He much complaineth of his own uncomfortable exile,
wherein he sustained many most grievous indignities, and en-
dured the want of sundry, both pleasures and honours, be-
fore enjoyed. *Hooker*.

Christmas is in the most dead, uncomfortable time of the
year, when the poor people would suffer very much, if they
had not good cheer to support them. *Addison*.

Ours is melancholy and uncomfortable portion here below!
A place, where not a day passes, but we eat our bread with
sorrow and cares: the present troubles us, the future amazes;
and even the past fills us with grief and anguish. *Watts*.

The sun ne'er views th' uncomfortable seats,
When radiant he advances or retreats. *Pope's Odyssey*.

2. Receiving no comfort; melancholy.

UNCOMFORTABLENESS. *n. f.* Want of cheerfulness.
The want of just dispositions to the holy sacrament, may
occasion this uncomfortableness. *Taylor's Worthy Communicant*.

UNCOMFORTABLY. *adv.* Without cheerfulness.

UNCOMMANDED. *adj.* Not commanded.
It is easy to see what judgment is to be passed upon all
those affected, uncommanded, absurd austerities of the Romish
profession. *South*.

UNCOMMON. *adj.* Not frequent; not often found or known.
Some of them are uncommon, but such as the reader must
assent to, when he sees them explained. *Addison*.

UNCOMMONLY. *adv.* Not frequently; to an uncommon degree.

UNCOMMONNESS. *n. f.* Infrequency.

Our admiration of the antiquities about Naples and Rome,
does not so much arise out of their greatness as uncom-
monness. *Addison*.

UNCOMPACT. *adj.* Not compact; not closely cohering.
These rivers were not streams of running matter; for
how could a liquid, that lay hardening by degrees, settle in
such a furrowed, uncompact surface? *Addison*.

UNCOMMUNICATED. *adj.* Not communicated.
There is no such mutual infusion as really causeth the same
natural operations or properties to be made common unto
both substances; but whatsoever is natural to deity, the same
remains in Christ uncommunicated unto his manhood; and
whatsoever natural to manhood, his deity thereof is unca-
pable. *Hooker*.

UNCOMPANIED. *adj.* Having no companion.
Thence she fled, unaccompanied, unfought. *Fairfax*.

UNCOMPASSIONATE. *adj.* Having no pity.
Neither deep groans, nor silver-shedding tears,
Could penetrate her uncompassionate fire. *Shakespeare*.

Hero and Leander were drowned in the uncompassionate
furies. *Sandy's Journey*.

If thou in strength all mortals dost exceed;
In uncompassionate anger do not so. *Milton's Agonistes*.

UNCOMPELLED. *adj.* Free from compulsion.
The amorous needle, once joined to the loadstone, would
never, uncompeled, forsake the enchanting mineral. *Boyle*.

Keep my voyage from the royal ear,
Nor, uncompeled, the dangerous truth betray,
Till twice six times descends the lamp of day. *Pope*.

UNCOMPLAINANT. *adj.* Not civil; not obliging.
A natural roughness makes a man uncomplaining to others,
so that he has no deference for their inclinations. *Locke*.

UNCOMPLEAT. *adj.* Not perfect; not finished.
Various incidents do not make different fables, but are
only the uncompleat and unfinished parts of the same fable. *Pope*.

UNCOMPOUNDED. *adj.*
1. Simple; not mixed.
Hardness may be reckoned the property of all uncompounded
matter. *Newton's Opticks*.

Your uncompounded atoms, you
Figures in numbers infinite allow;
From which, by various combination, springs
This unconfined diversity of things. *Blackmore*.

2. Simple; not intricate.
The substance of the faith was comprised in that uncom-
pounded style, but was afterwards prudently enlarged, for the
repelling heretical invaders. *Hannond's Fundamentals*.

UNCOMPREHENDED. *adj.* Free from comprehension.
We might be furnished with a reply, by setting down the
differing weight of our receiver, when emptied, and when
full of uncompreended air. *Boyle*.

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UNCOMPREHENSIVE. *adj.*
1. Unable to comprehend.
2. In *Shakespeare* it seems to signify *incomprehensible*.
The providence, that's in a watchful state,
Knows almost every grain of Pluto's gold;
Finds bottom in th' incomprehensible deep. *Shakespeare*.

UNCONCEIVABLE. *adj.* Not to be understood; not to be com-
prehended by the mind.
In the communication of motion by impulse, we can have
no other conception, but of the passing of motion out of one
body into another; which is as obscure and unconceivable, as
how our minds move or stop our bodies by thought. *Locke*.

Those atoms wondrous small must be;
Small to an unconceivable degree;
Since though these radiant spoils disperse'd in air,
Do ne'er return, and ne'er the sun repair. *Blackmore*.

UNCONCEIVABLENESS. *n. f.* Incomprehensibility.
The unconceivableness of something they find in one, throws
men violently into the contrary hypothesis, though altoge-
ther as unintelligible. *Locke*.

UNCONCEIVED. *adj.* Not thought; not imagined.
Vast is my theme, yet unconceived, and brings
Untoward words, scarce loosen'd yet from things. *Crutch*.

UNCONCERN. *n. f.* Negligence; want of interest; freedom
from anxiety; freedom from perturbation.
Such things had been charged upon us by the malice of
enemies, the want of judgment in friends, and the unconcern
of indifferent persons. *Swift*.

UNCONCERNED. *adj.*
1. Having no interest.
An idle person is like one that is dead, unconcerned in the
changes and necessities of the world. *Taylor*.

The earth's motion is to be admitted, notwithstanding the
seeming contrary evidence of unconcerned senses. *Clayton*.

It seems a principle in human nature, to incline one way
more than another, even in matters where we are wholly
unconcerned. *Swift*.

2. Not anxious; not disturbed; not affected.
See the morn,
All unconcern'd with our unrest, begins
Her rosy progress smiling. *Milton's Par. Lost*.

You call'd me into all your joys, and gave me
An equal share; and in this depth of misery
Can I be unconcerned? *Denham's Sophy*.

The virgin from the ground
Upstart fresh, already clos'd the wound;
And unconcern'd for all she felt before,
Precipitates her flight along the shore. *Dryden*.

Happy mortals, unconcern'd for more,
Confin'd their wishes to their native shore. *Dryden*.

We shall be easy and unconcerned at all the accidents of
the way, and regard only the event of the journey. *Rogers*.

UNCONCERNEDLY. *adv.* Without interest or affection; with-
out anxiety; without perturbation.
Not the most cruel of our conquering foes,
So unconcern'dly can relate our woes,
As not to lend a tear. *Denham*.

Death was denounc'd, that frightful sound,
Which ev'n the best can hardly bear:
He took the summons, void of fear,
And unconcern'dly cast his eyes around,
As if to find and dare the grieved challenger. *Dryden*.

Is heaven, with its pleasures for evermore, to be parted
with so unconcernedly? Is an exceeding and eternal weight of
glory too light in the balance against the hopeless death of the
atheist, and utter extinction. *Bentley*.

UNCONCERNEDNESS. *n. f.* Freedom from anxiety, or pertur-
bation.
No man, having done a kindness to another, would think
himself justly dealt with, in a total neglect, and unconcerned-
ness of the person who had received that kindness. *South*.

UNCONCERNING. *adj.* Not interesting; not affecting; not be-
longing to one.
Things impossible in their nature, or unconcerning to us,
cannot beget it. *Decay of Piety*.

The science of medals, which is charged with so many
unconcerning parts of knowledge, and built on such mean ma-
terials, appears ridiculous to those that have not exa-
mined it. *Addison on Antient Medals*.

UNCONCERNMENT. *n. f.* The state of having no share.
Being privileged by an happy unconcernment in those legal
murders, you may take a sweeter relish of your own in-
nocence. *South*.

UNCONCLOUTED. *adj.* Not decisive; inferring no plain or
UNCONCLOUTING. } certain conclusion or consequence.
Our arguments are inevident and unconcludent. *Hale*.

He makes his understanding only the warehouse of other
mens false and unconcluding reasonings, rather than a repository
of truth for his own use. *Locke*.

UNCONCLUDINGNESS. *n. f.* Quality of being unconcluding.
29 L *Either*